

Solution of Linear Equation Systems with Parameters

CP.

http://www.informatik.htw-dresden.de/~paditz/Paditz_Beitrag_CEU_2006.pdf

$$3x+2y+t \cdot z=0 \Rightarrow \text{equ1}$$

$$3 \cdot x+2 \cdot y+t \cdot z=0$$

$$0x+1y-4z=-1 \Rightarrow \text{equ2}$$

$$y-4 \cdot z=-1$$

$$1x+3y+0z=1 \Rightarrow \text{equ3}$$

$$x+3 \cdot y=1$$

$$-1x+0y+2z=1 \Rightarrow \text{equ4}$$

$$-x+2 \cdot z=1$$

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{equ1} \\ \text{equ2} \\ \text{equ3} \\ \text{equ4} \end{array} \right| x, y, z, u$$

$$\left\{ x = \frac{4 \cdot t+8}{t-28}, y = \frac{-(t+12)}{t-28}, z = \frac{-10}{t-28}, u = u \right\}$$

What happens with $t=28$?

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} \text{equ4} \\ \text{equ2} \\ \text{equ1} \\ \text{equ3} \end{array} \right| x, y, z, u$$

$$\left\{ x = \frac{-(t+4)}{t+14}, y = \frac{-(t-6)}{t+14}, z = \frac{5}{t+14}, u = u \right\}$$

What happens with $t=-14$?

$$\begin{cases} \text{equ4} \\ \text{equ2} \\ \text{equ3} \\ \text{equ1} \end{cases} \mid x, y, z, u$$

$$\left\{ x = -\frac{2}{7}, y = \frac{3}{7}, z = \frac{5}{14}, u = u \right\}$$

Here it seems for all t we get an unique solution
(and parameter t disappears?)?

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{mat}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & -1 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & 1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

ref(mat)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{2}{3} & \frac{t}{3} & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & \frac{-t}{7} & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{3 \cdot t + 14} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here it seems we have to study the special case
t=-3/14?

rref(mat)

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & 0 \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

Here it seems the parameter t is without meaning
(t disappears?)?

But in case $t=0$:

`ref(mat|t=0)`

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & \frac{2}{3} & 0 & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{14} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

`rref(mat|t=0)`

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & 0 & 0 & -\frac{2}{7} \\ 0 & 1 & 0 & \frac{3}{7} \\ 0 & 0 & 1 & \frac{5}{14} \\ 0 & 0 & 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

`rank(mat)`

4

`rank(mat|t=0)`

3

The rank-function can't compute the rank in
dependence on the parameter t !

If we use the "ref" or "rref" or "rank" functions
the CP should give a message "no solution with
parameters"

another exercise:

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & 2 & t & 3+2j \\ 0 & 1 & 2j & 1+j \\ s & 0 & 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{mat}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & 2 & t & 3+2 \cdot j \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \cdot j & 1+j \\ s & 0 & 4 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

rank(mat)

3

rank(mat|s=-j and t=-4+4j)

2

Again, the rank is depending on the parameters s and t

Now using the new created functions LinEqSys and AVRank in Main-menu

"Read at first the eActivity LinEqSys_AVRank"

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$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{matST}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} 3 & 2 & t & 0 \\ 0 & 1 & -4 & 1 \\ 1 & 3 & 0 & -1 \\ -1 & 0 & 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

LinEqSys(matST,1,1)

done

matnew \Rightarrow matT1

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{3} & \frac{-t}{3} & 0 \\ 1 & -4 & 1 \\ \frac{7}{3} & \frac{-t}{3} & -1 \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{t}{3}+2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

LinEqSys(matT1,2,1)

done

matnew \Rightarrow matT2

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-(t+8)}{3} & \frac{2}{3} \\ 4 & -1 \\ \frac{-(t-28)}{3} & -\frac{10}{3} \\ \frac{t+14}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

"If $t \neq 28$ than we have a third exchange-step"

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LinEqSys(matT2,3,1)

done

matnew⇒matET

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{4 \cdot (t+2)}{t-28} \\ \frac{-40}{t-28} - 1 \\ \frac{-10}{t-28} \\ \frac{-5 \cdot t}{t-28} \end{bmatrix}$$

"matET is the solution, if the last element $-5t/(t-28)$ "

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matET|t=0

$$\begin{bmatrix} -\frac{2}{7} \\ \frac{3}{7} \\ \frac{5}{14} \\ 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

"Thus $x=-2/7$, $y=3/7$, $z=5/14$ "

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"Remark: rank of matST is 3 for $t=0$ and 4 otherwise"

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AVRank(matST,1,1)

done

matnew⇒matT1

$$\begin{bmatrix} 1 & -4 & 1 \\ \frac{7}{3} & \frac{-t}{3} & -1 \\ \frac{2}{3} & \frac{t}{3} + 2 & -1 \end{bmatrix}$$

AVRank(matT1,1,1)

done

matnew \Rightarrow matT2

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-(t-28)}{3} & -\frac{10}{3} \\ \frac{t+14}{3} & -\frac{5}{3} \end{bmatrix}$$

"If $t \neq 28$ we compute:"

AVRank(matT2,1,1)

matnew \Rightarrow matT3

"If $t \neq -14$ we compute:"

AVRank(matT2,2,1)

matnew \Rightarrow matT3

"Thus we have 3 steps, i.e. rank equals 3 and for"

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"If $t \neq 28$ we compute:"

done

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 \cdot t \\ t-28 \end{bmatrix}$$

"If $t \neq -14$ we compute:"

done

$$\begin{bmatrix} -5 \cdot t \\ t+14 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & 2 & t & -3-2j \\ 0 & 1 & 2j & -1-j \\ s & 0 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix} \Rightarrow \text{matST}$$

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & 2 & t & -3-2 \cdot j \\ 0 & 1 & 2 \cdot j & -1-j \\ s & 0 & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

AVRank(matST,2,2)

done

matnew \Rightarrow matT1

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & t-4 \cdot j & -1 \\ s & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

AVRank(matT1,1,1)

done

matnew \Rightarrow matT2

$$[4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \quad -s \cdot j + 1]$$

"If $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ we have 3 exchange steps"

"If $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ we have 3 exchange steps"

"If $-s \cdot j + 1 \neq 0$ we have 3 exchange steps too"

"If $-s \cdot j + 1 \neq 0$ we have 3 exchange steps too"

solve($(4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 = 0, -s \cdot j + 1 = 0)$, (s, t))

$$\{s = -j, t = -4 + 4 \cdot j\}$$

"Thus we have for $s = -j, t = -4 + 4 \cdot j$: rank(A)=rank(A, ->

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"now consider $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ and $s = -j$ "

"now consider $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ and $s = -j$ "

$4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 | s = -j$

$$t + 4 - 4 \cdot j$$

"i.e. $t \neq -4 + 4 \cdot j$ "

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"Thus we have for $s = -j$ and $t \neq -4 + 4 \cdot j$: rank(A)=rank(A, ->

"Thus we have for $s = -j, t \neq -4 + 4 \cdot j$: rank(A)=rank(A, ->

"now consider $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 = 0$ and $s \neq -j$ "

"now consider $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 = 0$ and $s \neq -j$ "

"i.e. rank(A)=2 < rank(A, -b)=3"

"i.e. rank(A)=2 < rank(A,-b)=3"
 "finally if $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ and $-s \cdot j + 1 \neq 0$: rank(A)=rank"
 "finally if $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ and $-s \cdot j + 1 \neq 0$: rank(A)=rank"
 "Now we consider the LinEqSys"

"Now we consider the LinEqSys"
 LinEqSys(matST,2,2)
 done

matnew⇒matT1

$$\begin{bmatrix} j & t-4 \cdot j & -1 \\ 0 & -2 \cdot j & 1+j \\ s & 4 & 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

LinEqSys(matT1,1,1)
 done

matnew⇒matT2

$$\begin{bmatrix} t \cdot j + 4 & -j \\ -2 \cdot j & 1 + j \\ 4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 & -s \cdot j + 1 \end{bmatrix}$$

"If $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ we have an unique solution"
 "If $4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4 \neq 0$ we have an unique solution"

LinEqSys(matT2,3,1)
 done

matnew⇒matET

$$\begin{bmatrix} \frac{-(t \cdot j + 4 + 4 \cdot j)}{4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4} \\ \frac{-((1-j) \cdot s \cdot t + (-6-4 \cdot j) \cdot s - 4 - 6 \cdot j)}{4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4} \\ \frac{(s+j) \cdot j}{4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4} \end{bmatrix}$$

"have a look on det(A):"
 "have a look on det(A):"

$$\det \begin{bmatrix} j & 2 & t \\ 0 & 1 & 2j \\ s & 0 & 4 \end{bmatrix}$$

$$-s \cdot t + 4 \cdot s \cdot j + 4 \cdot j$$

factorOut(ans,j)

$$(4 \cdot s + s \cdot t \cdot j + 4) \cdot j$$

"In case $\det(A)=0$ and $s=-j$, i.e. $t=-4+4 \cdot j$, we have

"In case $\det(A)=0$ and $s=-j$, i.e. $t=-4+4 \cdot j$, we have
matT2| $s=-j$ and $t=-4+4 \cdot j$

$$\begin{bmatrix} -4 \cdot j & -j \\ -2 \cdot j & 1+j \\ 0 & 0 \end{bmatrix}$$

"solution: $x=-4jc-j$, $y=-2jc+1+j$, $z=c$, $c \in \mathbb{C}$ "

"solution: $x=-4jc-j$, $y=-2jc+1+j$, $z=c$, $c \in \mathbb{C}$ "

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